MY STORY









HOW WE LIVE TODAY

Overstepping Ourselves

As our Ecological Footprint continues to exceed Earth's biocapacity, we overdraw from our future.



74%

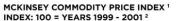
of biocapacity



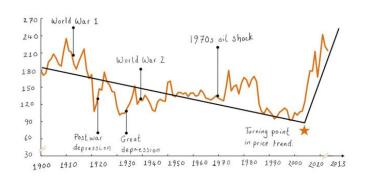


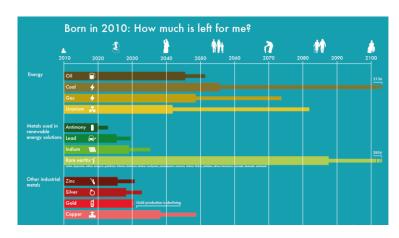
114% of biocapacity

156% of biocapacity





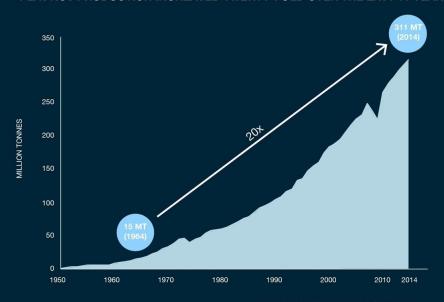






PLASTICS CASE STUDY





WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM, ELLEN MACARTHUR FOUNDATION, MCKINSEY & COMPANY, A NEW PLASTICS ECONOMY: RETHINKING THE FUTURE OF PLASTICS (2016) WWW.WFORDRUM.ORG/REPORTS

NOTE: Production from virgin petroleum-based feedstock only (does not include bio-based, greenhouse gas-based or recycled feedstock) SOURICE: PleaticsEurope, Plastics – the Facts 2013 (2013); PlasticsEurope, Plastics – the Facts 2015 (2015).

8 MILLION TONNES EVERY YEAR INTO OCEANS

1 LARGE GARBAGE TRUCK PER MINUTE



USED FOR DAYS, TAKES 100'S OF YEARS TO DECOMPOSE PLASTIC ENDS UP IN GIANT OCEAN GYRES

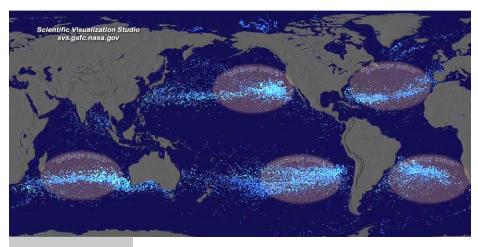


IMAGE: NASA



IMAGE: Ellen MacArthur Foundation

82% OF MISMANAGED PLASTIC IS FROM ASIA

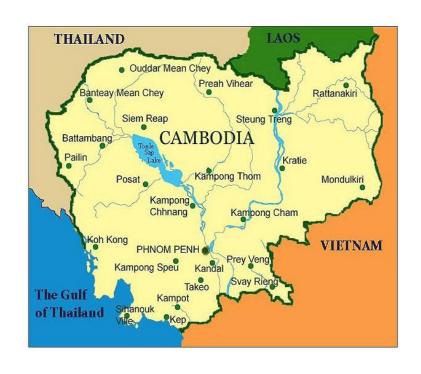


\$80-120 BILLION OF PLASTIC PACKAGING THROW AWAY YEARLY

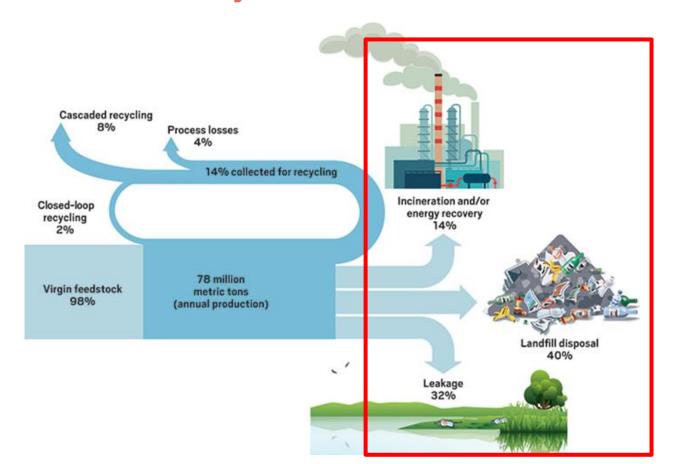


THAT'S EQUIVALENT TO 6 TIMES CAMBODIA'S ECONOMY





BECAUSE THE VAST MAJORITY OF PLASTICS ARE NOT RECYCLED



\$1 TRILLION OF FOOD IS WASTED EACH YEAR



SINGAPORE RECYCLES ONLY 20% OF HOUSEHOLD WASTE

What happens after collection of recyclables from housing estates?



Recyclables are collected by a dedicated recycling truck and sent to a Materials Recovery Facility (MRF).

The recyclables are sorted into different waste streams, baled and sent to local and overseas recycling plants.



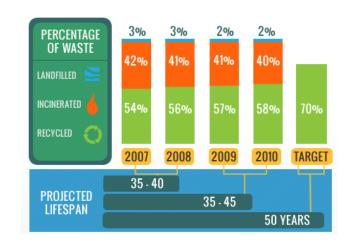
EXTENDING LIFESPAN OF INCINERATORS & LANDFILLS

BUSINESS

Hyflux-Mitsubishi consortium to build S\$750m waste-toenergy plant in Tuas

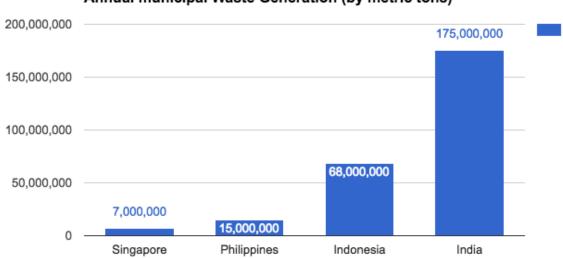
Posted 15 Sep 2015 14:34





WHERE THE OPPORTUNITY LIES

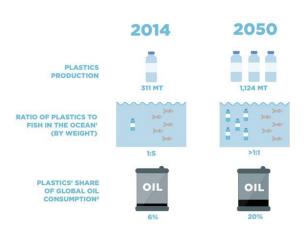
Annual municipal Waste Generation (by metric tons)



THE FUTURE?







URBANISATION -> 3X GROWTH IN URBAN WASTE IN ASIA BY 2025!

WASTE EMERGENCY IN THE REGION

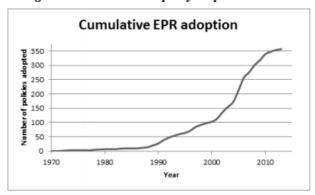
MORE PLASTIC IN THE OCEANS
THAN FISH BY 2050

INCREASED REGULATIONS ON WASTE

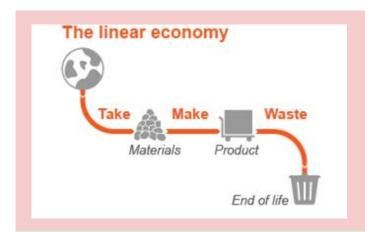
Indonesia: Plastic tax to curb rubbish dumped in rivers



Figure 1. Cumulative EPR policy adoption over time.



THE LINEAR ECONOMY WASTES RESOURCES

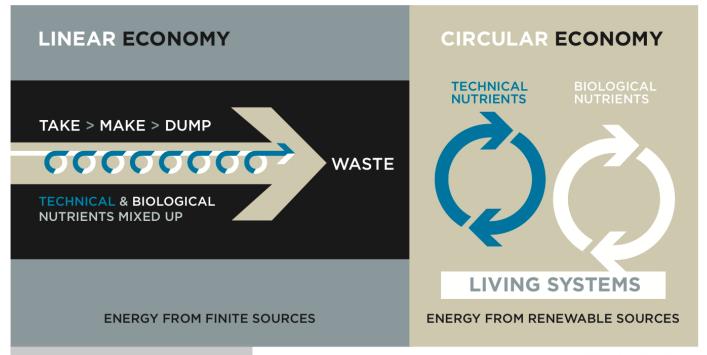




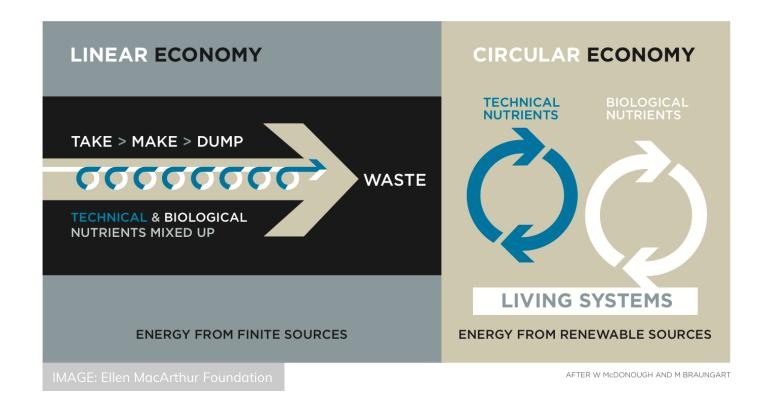


WASTE IS "DESIGNED OUT"

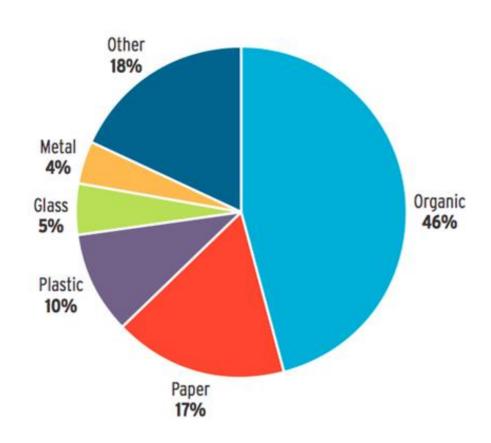
BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS RETURNED TO THE SOIL OR USED AS ENERGY



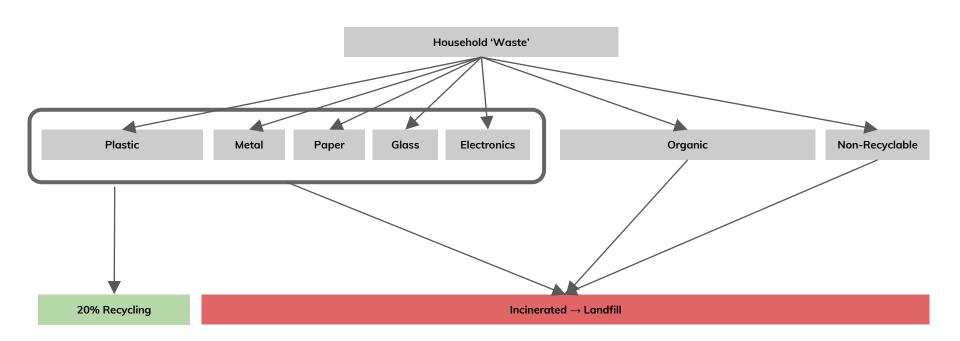
TECHNICAL MATERIALS (LIKE PLASTICS) DESIGNED TO BE RECOVERED, UPGRADED, REPAIRED, ETC



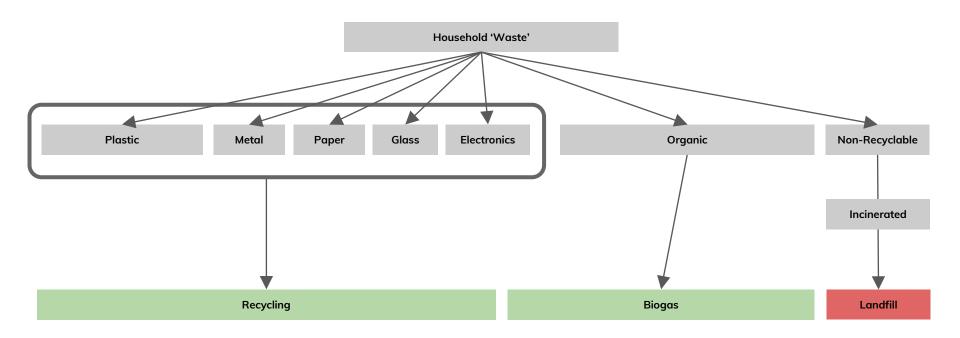
CURRENT HOUSEHOLD 'WASTE'



CURRENT HOUSEHOLD 'WASTE'



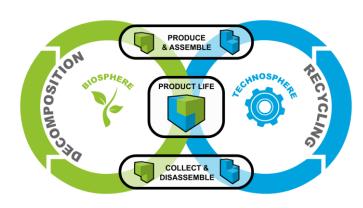
WE WOULD HAVE MATERIAL FLOWS



THE CIRCULAR ECONOMY ISN'T NEW





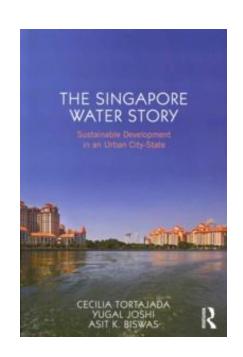


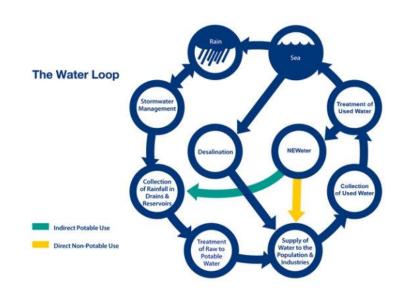
IT'S JUST THAT THE PRESSURE IS NOW GREATER THAN EVER

CAN SINGAPORE BE THE BEACON OF CHANGE FOR THE REGION?

IS IT A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY?

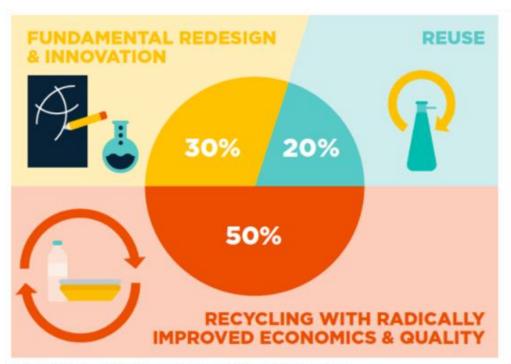
SINGAPORE'S WATER SUCCESS STORY





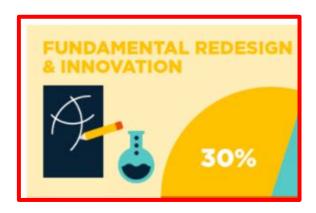


ASIA OPPORTUNITY: IP & BUSINESS

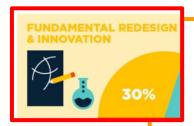


Source: New Plastics Economy initiative analysis (see Appendix for details)

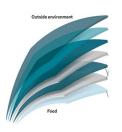
FUNDAMENTAL REDESIGN



"DESIGN OUT" WASTE & DESIGN FOR AN END USE







INNOVATE









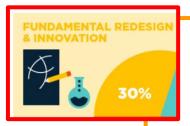
REPLACE PS/EPS & PVC





SCALE UP

WORLD'S FIRST RECYCLABLE FLEXIBLE POUCH

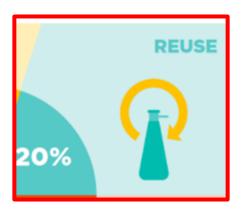








REUSE



REFILLABLE PRODUCTS





easy as 1,2,3



SAVING PACKAGING, TRANSPORT & ENERGY COSTS

OTHER WAYS OF RETHINKING REUSE



RADICALLY IMPROVED RECYCLING



IMPROVING RECYCLING ECONOMICS & QUALITY







EASIER TO COLLECT FROM CITIES THAN OCEANS





IT'S ALSO A LOT CHEAPER

WASTE TO WEALTH - UPLIFTING THE INFORMAL SECTOR



Nootrees